

## **Guide to Formulas**

Let

- $M(x,t)$  : Population of male of age  $x$  at the year  $t$
- $F(x,t)$  : Population of female of age  $x$  at the year  $t$
- $CF$  : Child Policy/Fertility Rates
- $C(x,t)$  : Population of couple of age  $x$  at the year  $t$
- $CC(x,t,z)$  : Number of couple of age  $x$  at the year  $t$  having  $z$  children
- $NB(t)$  : Number of new born babies at the year  $t$
- $NBM(t)$  : Number of new born male babies at the year  $t$
- $NBF(t)$  : Number of new born female babies at the year  $t$
- $NBC(x,t)$  : Number of new born babies of couples of age  $x$  at the year  $t$
- $CPL(x,t)$  : Child Policy Limit of the group of couple of age  $x$  at the year  $t$
- $dr(t)$  : Forecasted death rate (probability that a person will die) at year  $t$
- $drc(t)$  : Forecasted demise rate of a couple at year  $t$
- $br(x,t)$  : Forecasted birth rate (number of birth per 1000 people) of age  $x$  at year  $t$
- $bprob(x,t)$  : Probability that a couple of age  $x$  will give birth at year  $t$
- $TP(t)$  : Total population at year  $t$
- $PM$  : Proportion of new born babies that are male (in decimal or fraction form)
- $PF$  : Proportion of new born babies that are female (in decimal or fraction form)

$PSK(t)$  : Number of persons per square kilometer at the year  $t$   
 $LA$  : Land area in square kilometer  
 $YP(t)$  : Population of ages 0 to 17 at year  $t$  (Young Population)  
 $LP(t)$  : Population of ages 17 to 59 at year  $t$  (Labor Population)  
 $SP(t)$  : Population of ages 60 and above at year  $t$  (Senior Population)  
 $MN$  : Net Migration  
 $MNc$  : Net Migration of couple

### **INPUT DATA**

To compute the projection for year 1 to 100, the following data should be considered first:

- $M(x,0)$  : Initial population of male for age  $x$ ; for  $x \in [0, 100]$
- $F(x,0)$  : Initial population of female for age  $x$ ; for  $x \in [0, 100]$
- $CF$  : Child Policy or Fertility Rate (If child policy is not implemented)
- $dr(t)$  : Forecasted death rate at year  $t$
- $br(x,t)$  : Birth rate (number of birth per 1000 persons) of age  $x$  at year  $t$
- $PM$  : Proportion of new born babies that are male (in decimal or fraction form)
- $PF$  : Proportion of new born babies that are female (in decimal or fraction form)
- $LA$  : Land area in square kilometer
- $MN$  : Net Migration

**INITIAL COMPUTATION**

$$TP(0) = \sum_{x=0}^{100} (M(x, 0) + F(x, 0))$$

$$bprob(x, t) = \frac{br(x, t)}{(1000)(0.5)(\sum_{x=18}^{45} (M(x, 0) + F(x, 0)))}$$

**COMPUTATION WITHIN A YEAR**

$$TP(t) = \sum_{x=0}^{100} (M(x, t) + F(x, t))$$

$$drc(t) = 2dr(t) - dr(t)^2 \text{ (using principle of inclusion and exclusion)}$$

$$Mnc = 2MN - MN^2 \text{ (using principle of inclusion and exclusion)}$$

$$C(x, 0) = \min(M(x, 0), F(x, 0))$$

$$C(0, t) = \min(M(0, t), F(0, t)), 0 < t \leq 100$$

$$CPL(18, t) = \begin{cases} C(x, 0) \times CF, & \text{if Child policy is implemented} \\ 100000000000000000000, & \text{if Child policy is not implemented} \end{cases}, 1 \leq t \leq 100$$

$$CPL(x, 0) = \begin{cases} C(x, 0) \times CF, & \text{if Child policy is implemented} \\ 100000000000000000000, & \text{if Child policy is not implemented} \end{cases}, 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$NBC(x, t) = \begin{cases} bprob(x, t)C(x, t), & CPL(x, t) \geq bprob(x, t)C(x, t) \\ CPL(x, t), & bprob(x, t)C(x, t) > CPL(x, t) \\ 0, & CPL(x, t) \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$NB(t) = \sum_{x=18}^{45} NBC(x, t)$$

$$NBM(t) = NB(t)(PM)$$

$$NBF(t) = NB(t)(PF)$$

### **COMPARTMENT COMPUTATION\*\***

(\*\*MNC is negative, Net migration is negative)

If 0 child policy is implemented,

$$CC(x, t, 0) = CC(x-1, t-1, 0) - (CC(x-1, t-1, 0) * drc(t-1)) + (CC(x, t-1, 0) * MNC), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

If 1 child policy is implemented,

$$CC(x, t, 0) = CC(x-1, t-1, 0) - (CC(x-1, t-1, 0) * drc(t-1)) - (CC(x-1, t-1, 0) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t-1, 0) * MNC), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, 0, 1) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, t, 1) = CC(x-1, t-1, 1) - (CC(x-1, t-1, 1) * drc(t-1)) + (CC(x-1, t-1, 0) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t-1, 1) * MNC), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

If 2 child policy is implemented,

$$CC(x, t, 0) = CC(x-1, t-1, 0) - (CC(x-1, t-1, 0) * drc(t-1)) - (CC(x-1, t-1, 0) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t-1, 0) * MNC), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, 0, 1) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, 0, 2) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, t, 1) = CC(x-1, t-1, 1) - (CC(x-1, t-1, 1) * drc(t-1)) - (CC(x-1, t-1, 1) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x-1, t-1, 0) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t-1, 1) * MNC), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, t, 2) = CC(x-1, t-1, 2) - (CC(x-1, t-1, 2) * drc(t-1)) + (CC(x-1, t-1, 1) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t-1, 2) * MNC), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

If 3 child policy is implemented,

$$CC(x, t, 0) = CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) * drc(t - 1)) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t - 1, 0) * MNc), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, 0, 1) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, 0, 2) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, 0, 3) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, t, 1) = CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) * drc(t - 1)) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t - 1, 1) * MNc), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, t, 2) = CC(x - 1, t - 1, 2) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 2) * drc(t - 1)) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 2) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t - 1, 2) * MNc), 10 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, t, 3) = CC(x - 1, t - 1, 3) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 3) * drc(t - 1)) + (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 3) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t - 1, 3) * MNc), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

If 4 or more child policy is implemented,

$$CC(x, t, 0) = CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) * drc(t - 1)) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t - 1, 0) * MNc), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, 0, 1) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, 0, 2) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, 0, 3) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, 0, 4) = 0, \forall x$$

$$CC(x, t, 1) = CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) * drc(t - 1)) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t - 1, 1) * MNc), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, t, 2) = CC(x - 1, t - 1, 2) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 2) * drc(t - 1)) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 2) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t - 1, 2) * MNc), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, t, 3) = CC(x - 1, t - 1, 3) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 3) * drc(t - 1)) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 3) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 2) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t - 1, 3) * MNc), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

$$CC(x, t, 4) = CC(x - 1, t - 1, 4) - (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 4) * drc(t - 1)) + (CC(x - 1, t - 1, 3) * bprob(x, t)) + (CC(x, t - 1, 4) * MNc), 0 < t \leq 100 \text{ and } 0 < x \leq 100$$

## TRANSITION COMPUTATION PER EACH YEAR

$$M(0, t) = NBM(t - 1)$$

$$F(0, t) = NBF(t - 1)M(x, t) = M(x - 1, t - 1) - (M(x - 1, t - 1) * dr(t - 1)) + (M(x, t - 1) * MN), 1 \leq x \leq 100$$

$$F(x, t) = F(x - 1, t - 1) - (F(x - 1, t - 1) * dr(t - 1)) + (F(x, t - 1) * MN), 1 \leq x \leq 100$$

$$C(x, t) = C(x, t) - (C(x - 1, t - 1) * drc(t - 1)) + (C(x, t - 1) * MNC), 1 \leq t \leq 100 \text{ and } 1 \leq x \leq 100$$

$$CPL(x, t) = \begin{cases} 0, \text{ if } CP = 0 \\ CPL(x - 1, t - 1) - NBC(x - 1, t - 1) - drc(t - 1) * CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) + MNC * CC(x, t - 1, 0), \text{ if } CP = 1 \\ CPL(x - 1, t - 1) - NBC(x - 1, t - 1) - drc(t - 1) [2 * CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) + CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1)] + MNC * [2 * CC(x, t - 1, 0) + CC(x, t - 1, 1)], \text{ if } CP = 2 \\ CPL(x - 1, t - 1) - NBC(x - 1, t - 1) - drc(t - 1) [3 * CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) + 2 * CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) + CC(x - 1, t - 1, 2)] + MNC * [3 * CC(x, t - 1, 0) + 2 * CC(x, t - 1, 1) + CC(x, t - 1, 2)], \text{ if } CP = 3 \\ CPL(x - 1, t - 1) - NBC(x - 1, t - 1) - drc(t - 1) [4 * CC(x - 1, t - 1, 0) + 3 * CC(x - 1, t - 1, 1) + 2 * CC(x - 1, t - 1, 2) + CC(x - 1, t - 1, 3)] + MNC * [4 * CC(x, t - 1, 0) + 3 * CC(x, t - 1, 1) + 2 * CC(x, t - 1, 2) + CC(x, t - 1, 3)], \text{ if } CP = 4 \\ 10000000000000000000, \text{ if there is no Child Policy implemented} \end{cases}$$

## DENSITY COMPUTATION

$$PKS(t) = \frac{TP(t)}{LA}$$

## YOUNG, LABOR & SENIOR POPULATION PERCENTAGE COMPUTATION

- Percentage of Young Population at year t =  $\frac{YP(t)}{TP(t)}$
- Percentage of Labor Population at year t =  $\frac{LP(t)}{TP(t)}$
- Percentage of Senior Population at year t =  $\frac{SP(t)}{TP(t)}$